

## **mkin -**

Routines for fitting kinetic models with one or more state variables to chemical degradation data

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### **Abstract**

In the regulatory evaluation of chemical substances like plant protection products (pesticides), biocides and other chemicals, degradation data play an important role. For the evaluation of pesticide degradation experiments, detailed guidance has been developed, based on nonlinear optimisation. The R add-on package **mkin** implements fitting some of the models recommended in this guidance from within R and calculates some statistical measures for data series within one or more compartments, for parent and metabolites.

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**Key words:** Kinetics, FOCUS, nonlinear optimisation

## 1 Introduction

Many approaches are possible regarding the evaluation of chemical degradation data. The **kinfit** package ([Ranke, 2010a](#)) in R ([R Development Core Team, 2010](#)) implements the approach recommended in the kinetics report provided by the FOrum for Co-ordination of pesticide fate models and their USe ([FOCUS Work Group on Degradation Kinetics, 2006](#)) for simple data series for one parent compound in one compartment.

The **mkin** package ([Ranke, 2010b](#)) extends this approach to data series with metabolites and more than one compartment and includes the possibility for back reactions.

## 2 Example

In the following, requirements for data formatting are explained. Then the procedure for fitting the four kinetic models recommended by the FOCUS group to an example dataset for parent only given in the FOCUS kinetics report is illustrated. The explanations are kept rather verbose in order to lower the barrier for R newcomers.

### 2.1 Data format

The following listing shows example dataset C from the FOCUS kinetics report as distributed with the **kinfit** package

```
R> library("mkin")
```

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```
R> FOCUS_2006_C
```

```
  name time value
1 parent    0 85.1
2 parent    1 57.9
3 parent    3 29.9
4 parent    7 14.6
5 parent   14  9.7
6 parent   28  6.6
7 parent   63  4.0
8 parent   91  3.9
9 parent  119  0.6
```

Note that the data needs to be in the format of a data frame containing a variable `name` specifying the observed variable, indicating the compound name and, if applicable, the compartment, a variable `time` containing sampling times, and a numeric variable `value` specifying the observed value of the variable. If a further variable `error` is present, this will be used to give different weights to the data points (the higher the error, the lower the weight, see the help page of the `modCost` function of the **FME** package ([Soetaert and Petzoldt, 2010](#))). Replicate measurements are not recorded in extra columns but simply appended, leading to multiple occurrences of the sampling times `time`.

Small to medium size dataset can be conveniently entered directly as R code as shown in the following listing

```
R> example_data <- data.frame(
+   time = c(0, 1, 3, 7, 14, 28, 63, 91, 119),
+   parent = c(85.1, 57.9, 29.9, 14.6, 9.7, 6.6, 4, 3.9, 0.6)
+ )
```

## 2.2 Model definition

The next task is to define the model to be fitted to the data. In order to facilitate this task, a convenience function `mkinmod` is available.

```
R> SF0 <- mkinmod(parent = list(type = "SF0"))
R> SFORB <- mkinmod(parent = list(type = "SFORB"))
R> SF0_SF0 <- mkinmod(
+   parent = list(type = "SF0", to = "m1", sink = TRUE),
+   m1 = list(type = "SF0"))
R> SFORB_SF0 <- mkinmod(
+   parent = list(type = "SFORB", to = "m1", sink = TRUE),
+   m1 = list(type = "SF0"))
```

## 2.3 Fitting the model

Then the model parameters should be fitted to the data. The function `mkinfit` internally creates a cost function using `modCost` from the **FME** package and the produces a fit using `modFit` from the same package.

```
R> # Do not show significance stars as they interfere with vignette generation
R> options(show.signif.stars = FALSE)
R> SF0.fit <- mkinfit(SF0, FOCUS_2006_C)

Model cost at call 1 : 4718.97
Model cost at call 4 : 4718.97
Model cost at call 5 : 637.0033
Model cost at call 7 : 637.0033
Model cost at call 8 : 287.321
Model cost at call 10 : 287.321
Model cost at call 11 : 207.3576
Model cost at call 13 : 207.3576
Model cost at call 14 : 197.3848
Model cost at call 16 : 197.3848
Model cost at call 17 : 196.5886
Model cost at call 19 : 196.5886
Model cost at call 20 : 196.5369
Model cost at call 22 : 196.5369
Model cost at call 23 : 196.5338
Model cost at call 25 : 196.5338
Model cost at call 26 : 196.5336
Model cost at call 27 : 196.5336
Model cost at call 28 : 196.5336
Model cost at call 29 : 196.5336
Model cost at call 30 : 196.5336
Model cost at call 31 : 196.5336
Model cost at call 32 : 196.5336

R> summary(SF0.fit)

Equations:
[1] d_parent = - k_parent_sink * parent

Starting values for optimised parameters:
      initial   type
parent_0     100.0 state
k_parent_sink    0.1 deparm

Fixed parameter values:
None

Optimised parameters:
      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)


```

```

parent_0      82.4920      4.7402  17.403 5.09e-07
k_parent_sink 0.3061      0.0459   6.668  0.000286

```

*Residual standard error:* 5.299 on 7 degrees of freedom

*Chi2 error levels in percent:*

	err.min	n.optim	df
All data	15.84	2	7
parent	15.84	2	7

*Estimated disappearance times*

	DT50	DT90
parent	2.265	7.523

*Data:*

time	variable	observed	predicted	residual
0	parent	85.1	82.491988294070	2.608
1	parent	57.9	60.742386116666	-2.842
3	parent	29.9	32.934433168278	-3.034
7	parent	14.6	9.682095885947	4.918
14	parent	9.7	1.136384127912	8.564
28	parent	6.6	0.015654360917	6.584
63	parent	4.0	0.000000361270	4.000
91	parent	3.9	-0.000000014465	3.900
119	parent	0.6	-0.000000001821	0.600

R> SFORB.fit <- mkinfit(SFORB, FOCUS\_2006\_C)

```

Model cost at call 1 : 7044.136
Model cost at call 4 : 7044.136
Model cost at call 7 : 2652.855
Model cost at call 9 : 2652.855
Model cost at call 13 : 865.7892
Model cost at call 15 : 865.7892
Model cost at call 18 : 47.70489
Model cost at call 19 : 47.70488
Model cost at call 23 : 43.2794
Model cost at call 25 : 43.2794
Model cost at call 28 : 7.013637
Model cost at call 30 : 7.013636
Model cost at call 32 : 7.013636
Model cost at call 33 : 4.424051
Model cost at call 35 : 4.424051
Model cost at call 37 : 4.424051
Model cost at call 38 : 4.363099
Model cost at call 40 : 4.363099
Model cost at call 42 : 4.363099
Model cost at call 51 : 4.363098
Model cost at call 53 : 4.363098

```

```

Model cost at call 55 : 4.363098
Model cost at call 56 : 4.363095
Model cost at call 57 : 4.363095
Model cost at call 61 : 4.363091
Model cost at call 63 : 4.363090
Model cost at call 65 : 4.363090
Model cost at call 66 : 4.363087
Model cost at call 67 : 4.363087
Model cost at call 68 : 4.363087
Model cost at call 70 : 4.363087
Model cost at call 71 : 4.363084
Model cost at call 72 : 4.363084
Model cost at call 73 : 4.363083
Model cost at call 75 : 4.363083
Model cost at call 76 : 4.363082
Model cost at call 77 : 4.363082
Model cost at call 81 : 4.363080
Model cost at call 83 : 4.363080
Model cost at call 84 : 4.363080

```

R> summary(SFORB.fit)

*Equations:*

```

[1] d_parent_free = - k_parent_free_sink * parent_free - k_parent_free_bound * parent_free
[2] d_parent_bound = + k_parent_free_bound * parent_free - k_parent_bound_free * parent_free

```

*Starting values for optimised parameters:*

	initial	type
parent_free_0	100.0	state
k_parent_free_sink	0.1	deparm
k_parent_free_bound	0.1	deparm
k_parent_bound_free	0.1	deparm

*Fixed parameter values:*

	value	type
parent_bound	0	state

*Optimised parameters:*

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
parent_free_0	84.999203	0.890977	95.400	2.4e-09
k_parent_free_sink	0.394914	0.014386	27.452	1.2e-06
k_parent_free_bound	0.061482	0.007503	8.195	0.00044
k_parent_bound_free	0.020687	0.004158	4.975	0.00419

*Residual standard error: 0.9341 on 5 degrees of freedom*

*Chi2 error levels in percent:*

	err.min	n.optim	df
All data	2.662	4	5

```
parent      2.662      4   5
```

*Estimated disappearance times*

	DT50	DT90
parent	1.887	21.24

*Data:*

time	variable	observed	predicted	residual
0	parent	85.1	84.999	0.10080
1	parent	57.9	58.043	-0.14253
3	parent	29.9	30.055	-0.15514
7	parent	14.6	13.859	0.74097
14	parent	9.7	9.780	-0.07963
28	parent	6.6	7.533	-0.93276
63	parent	4.0	4.042	-0.04175
91	parent	3.9	2.456	1.44377
119	parent	0.6	1.493	-0.89270

```
R> SFO_SFO.fit <- mkinfit(SFO_SFO, FOCUS_2006_D)
```

```
Model cost at call  1 : 18994.29
Model cost at call  3 : 18994.29
Model cost at call  8 : 15888.53
Model cost at call  9 : 15888.53
Model cost at call 13 : 9262.857
Model cost at call 14 : 9262.857
Model cost at call 18 : 1784.538
Model cost at call 20 : 1784.538
Model cost at call 23 : 387.3642
Model cost at call 25 : 387.3642
Model cost at call 28 : 371.2285
Model cost at call 30 : 371.2285
Model cost at call 31 : 371.2285
Model cost at call 33 : 371.2127
Model cost at call 34 : 371.2127
Model cost at call 35 : 371.2127
Model cost at call 36 : 371.2127
Model cost at call 38 : 371.2127
```

```
R> summary(SFO_SFO.fit)
```

*Equations:*

```
[1] d_parent = - k_parent_sink * parent - k_parent_m1 * parent
[2] d_m1 = - k_m1_sink * m1 + k_parent_m1 * parent
```

*Starting values for optimised parameters:*

	initial	type
parent_0	100.0	state
k_parent_sink	0.1	deparm
k_m1_sink	0.1	deparm

```

k_parent_m1      0.1 deparm

Fixed parameter values:
  value   type
m1      0 state

Optimised parameters:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
parent_0      9.960e+01  1.614e+00  61.720 < 2e-16
k_parent_sink 4.792e-02  3.750e-03  12.777 6.10e-15
k_m1_sink     5.261e-03  7.159e-04   7.349 1.15e-08
k_parent_m1    5.078e-02  2.094e-03  24.248 < 2e-16

Residual standard error: 3.211 on 36 degrees of freedom

Chi2 error levels in percent:
  err.min n.optim df
All data    6.565      4 16
parent      6.827      3  6
m1         4.748      1 10

Estimated disappearance times
      DT50    DT90
parent  7.023  23.33
m1     131.760 437.70

Data:
  time variable observed predicted residual
    0  parent     99.46 99.5985178 -0.1385178
    0  parent    102.04 99.5985178  2.4414822
    1  parent     93.50 90.2378910  3.2621090
    1  parent     92.50 90.2378910  2.2621090
    3  parent     63.23 74.0731792 -10.8431792
    3  parent     68.99 74.0731792 -5.0831792
    7  parent     52.32 49.9120443  2.4079557
    7  parent     55.13 49.9120443  5.2179557
   14  parent     27.27 25.0125705  2.2574295
   14  parent     26.64 25.0125705  1.6274295
   21  parent     11.50 12.5345895 -1.0345895
   21  parent     11.64 12.5345895 -0.8945895
   35  parent      2.85  3.1478529 -0.2978529
   35  parent      2.91  3.1478529 -0.2378529
   50  parent      0.69  0.7162333 -0.0262333
   50  parent      0.63  0.7162333 -0.0862333
   75  parent      0.05  0.0607371 -0.0107371
   75  parent      0.06  0.0607371 -0.0007371
  100  parent      NA   0.0051506      NA
  100  parent      NA   0.0051506      NA
  120  parent      NA   0.0007155      NA

```

120	parent	NA	0.0007155	NA
0	m1	0.00	0.0000000	0.0000000
0	m1	0.00	0.0000000	0.0000000
1	m1	4.84	4.8029670	0.0370330
1	m1	5.64	4.8029670	0.8370330
3	m1	12.91	13.0240308	-0.1140308
3	m1	12.96	13.0240308	-0.0640308
7	m1	22.97	25.0447981	-2.0747981
7	m1	24.47	25.0447981	-0.5747981
14	m1	41.69	36.6900486	4.9999514
14	m1	33.21	36.6900486	-3.4800486
21	m1	44.37	41.6531310	2.7168690
21	m1	46.44	41.6531310	4.7868690
35	m1	41.22	43.3131331	-2.0931331
35	m1	37.95	43.3131331	-5.3631331
50	m1	41.19	41.2183018	-0.0283018
50	m1	40.01	41.2183018	-1.2083018
75	m1	40.09	36.4469953	3.6430047
75	m1	33.85	36.4469953	-2.5969953
100	m1	31.04	31.9815671	-0.9415671
100	m1	33.13	31.9815671	1.1484329
120	m1	25.15	28.7897700	-3.6397700
120	m1	33.31	28.7897700	4.5202300

## References

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